

Principle of Flight - PPL(A) English - Private Pilot License (Aircraft), 70 domande in 70 minuti!

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NOME ALLIEVO:	DATA & ORA:

01. Smoke enters the cockpit during an engine fire. Which actions have to be taken immediately?

- a) Switching off the master switch and the ignition
- b) Switching off the heating and the ventilating system
- c) Switching off the pitot and front window heating
- d) Switching off the avionics and the cabin lighting

02. Which of the following is NOT a symptom of hyperventilaton?

- a) Cyanose
- b) Tingling
- c) Spasm
- d) Disturbance of consciousness

03. Given the following data for a VFR flight: Trip fuel = 70 US gallons Contingency fuel = 5% of trip fuel. Alternate and final reserve fuel = 20 US gallons Usable fuel at take-off = 90 US gallons After half of the distance you read that you have consumed 30 US gallons. Assume that fuel flow remains unchanged. Which statement is correct?

- a) The remaining fuel is insufficient for a landing at destination with alternate and final reserve fuel remaining.
- b) Upon landing 30.0 US gallons will remain in addition to alternate and final reserve fuel.
- c) Upon landing 10.0 US gallons will remain in addition to alternate and final reserve fuel.
- d) Upon landing a total of 10.0 US gallons will remain

04. What is the meaning of a steady green light signal at a controlled aerodrome directed to an aircraft in flight?

- a) Give way to other aircraft and continue circling
- b) Cleared to land
- c) Return for landing, followed by steady green at the appropriate time
- d) Airport unsafe, do not land



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05. What is the true airspeed (TAS) [kt] and fuel consumption [l/h] for cruise flight with 60 % power in flight level 60 under the following conditions? Temperature: ISA - 20° C QNH: 980 hPa See annex (PFP-012) (2,00 P.) Siehe Anlage 10

- a) 96 kt. 19.1 l/h.
- b) 95 kt. 19.6 l/h.
- c) 110 kt. 25.1 l/h.
- d) 95,75 kt. 19.8 l/h.

06. The term "maximum elevation figure" (MEF) is defined as...

- a) The highest elevation within an area covering 30 minutes of latitude and 30 minutes of longitude.
- b) The highest elevation within an area covering 30 minutes of latitude and 30 minutes of longitude plus a safety margin, rounded to the next higher 100 ft.
- c) The highest elevation within an area covering 30 minutes of latitude and 30 minutes of longitude plus a safety margin of 1000 ft (305 m), rounded to the next higher 100 ft
- d) The highest elevation within an area covering 1 degree of latitude and 1 degree of longitude plus a safety margin, rounded to the next lower 100 ft.

07. What does "WATER PATCHES" mean regarding the reported runway condition?

- a) A large part of the surface is flooded
- b) Patches of standing water are visible
- c) Wet surface, but no significant patches are visible
- d) The runway is clear of water, ice, and snow

08. What are the primary and the secondary effects of a rudder input to the left?

- a) Primary: yaw to the left Secondary: roll to the right
- b) Primary: yaw to the left Secondary: roll to the left
- c) Primary: yaw to the right Secondary: roll to the left
- d) Primary: yaw to the right Secondary: roll to the right

09. The indication of a magnetic compass deviates from magnetic north direction due to what errors?

- a) Deviation, turning and acceleration errors
- b) Gravity and magnetism
- c) Inclination and declination of the earth's magnetic field
- d) Variation, turning and acceleration errors

QuizVds.it offre risorse per lo studio di VDS, PPL(A),PPL(H), Droni, Fonia aeronautica, Parapendio e Deltaplano.



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10. What does the abbreviation "FIS" stand for?

- a) Flashing information service
- b) Flight information system
- c) Flashing information system
- d) Flight information service

11. What does a readability of 3 indicate?

- a) The transmission is readable now and then
- b) The transmission is perfectly readable
- c) The transmission is readable but with difficulty
- d) The transmission is unreadable

12. Complacency is a risk due to...

- a) The high number of mistakes normally made by humans.
- b) Increased cockpit automation.
- c) The high error rate of technical systems.
- d) Better training options for young pilots.

13. Which effect does a decreasing airspeed have on the induced drag during a horizontal and stable cruise flight?

- a) The induced drag will increase
- b) The induced drag will collapse
- c) The induced drag will remain constant
- d) The induced drag will slightly decrease

14. In which way should a pilot confirm received light signals in flight?

- a) Apply some changes of RPM
- b) Apply some changes of the rudder
- c) Rock the wings (in the daytime)
- d) Apply some fast pitch changes



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15. What is a latent error?

- a) An error which is made by the pilot actively and consciously
- b) An error which only has consequences after landing
- c) An error which remains undetected in the system for a long time
- d) An error which has an immediate effect on the controls

16. The center of gravity (CG) defines...

- a) The point on the longitudinal axis or its extension from which the centers of gravity of all masses are referenced.
- b) The point through which the force of gravity is said to act on a mass.
- c) The distance from the datum to the position of a mass.
- d) The product of mass and balance arm.

17. What is the call sign of the surface movement control?

- a) Tower
- b) Earth
- c) Ground
- d) Control

18. The critical angle of attack...

- a) Increases with a front centre of gravity.
- b) Decreases with a rear centre of gravity.
- c) Is changed by different aircraft weights.
- d) Is not changed by different aircraft weights.

19. What information is NOT found on Low-Level Significant Weather Charts (LLSWC)?

- a) Information about icing conditions
- b) Radar echos of precipitation
- c) Information about turbulence areas
- d) Front lines and frontal displacements



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20. Given: True course: 165°. TAS: 90 kt. Wind: 130°/20 kt. Distan	ice: 153 NM. The true heading equals
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- a) 126°.
- b) 158°.
- c) 152°
- d) 152°

21. An aerodrome beacon (ABN) is a...

- a) Rotating beacon installed at an airport or aerodrome to indicate its location to aircraft pilots from the ground.
- b) Rotating beacon installed at the beginning of the final approach to indicate its location to aircraft pilots from the air.
- c) Rotating beacon installed at an airport or aerodrome to indicate its location to aircraft pilots from the air.
- d) Fixed beacon installed at an airport or aerodrome to indicate its location to aircraft pilots from the air.

22. The barometric altimeter with QFE setting indicates...

- a) Height above the pressure level at airfield elevation.
- b) True altitude above MSL.
- c) Height above MSL.
- d) Height above standard pressure 1013.25 hPa

23. What engines are commonly used with Touring Motor Gliders (TMG)?

- a) 4 Cylinder; 4 stroke
- b) 4 Cylinder 2 stroke
- c) 2 Cylinder Diesel
- d) 2 plate Wankel

24. All aerodynamic forces can be considered to act on a single point. This point is called...

- a) Center of gravity.
- b) Center of pressure.
- c) Lift point.
- d) Transition point.



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a) 174 kt.	
b) 150 kt	
c) 142 kt.	
d) 208 kt	
26. The altimeter has to be set to what value in order to show zero on ground?	
a) QNH	
b) QNE	
c) QTE	
d) QFE	
27. What is the meaning of the phrase "Correction"?	
a) Permission for proposed action is granted	
b) An error has been made in this transmission. The correct version is	
c) I have received all of your last transmission	
d) I understand your message and will comply with it	
28. What is the best combination of traits with respect to the individual attitude and behaviour for a pilot?	
a) Introverted - unstable	
b) Introverted - stable	
c) Extroverted - unstable	
d) Extroverted - stable	
29. The result of a front C.G. position is: 1. Increase in stability. 2. Increase in fuel consumption. 3. Increase in stability.	ш

a) 2. 4

speed. 4. Increase in range.

b) 1, 2

c) 1, 2, 3

d) 2, 3, 4



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30. Mountain side updrafts can be intensified by ...

- a) Solar irradiation on the windward side
- b) Solar irradiation on the lee side
- c) By warming of upper atmospheric layers
- d) Thermal radiation of the windward side during the night

31. Which area is suitable for an off-field landing?

- a) Harvested cornfield
- b) Glade with long dry grass
- c) Plowed field
- d) Sports area in a village

32. A flight is called a "visual flight", if the ...

- a) Visibility in flight is more than 8 km.
- b) Flight is conducted under visual flight rules.
- c) Visibility in flight is more than 5 km.
- d) Flight is conducted in visual meteorological conditions.

33. Cylinder head temperature indication relates to...

- a) All Cylinders.
- b) A random cylinder
- c) The critical cylinder
- d) The average of all cylinders.

34. Where does the inclination reach its lowest value?

- a) At the magnetic equator
- b) At the magnetic poles
- c) At the geographic equator
- d) At the geographic poles



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35. Deflecting the rudder to the left causes...

- a) Pitching of the aircraft to the right.
- b) Yawing of the aircraft to the right
- c) Yawing of the aircraft to the left.
- d) Pitching of the aircraft to the left

36. With increasing altitude and unchanged mixture setting, the air/fuel mixture...

- a) Becomes more lean
- b) Stays constant
- c) Becomes liquid
- d) Becomes richer.

37. During a stall, the lift...

- a) During a stall, the lift...
- b) Increases and drag decreases.
- c) Increases and drag increases.
- d) Decreases and drag decreases.

38. The term "static pressure" is defined as pressure...

- a) Inside the airplane cabin.
- b) Of undisturbed airflow.
- c) Resulting from orderly flow of air particles.
- d) Sensed by the pitot tube.

39. Cold air inflow in high tropospheric layers may result in...

- a) Showers and thunderstorms.
- b) Stabilisation and calm weather
- c) Frontal weather.
- d) Calm weather and cloud dissipation.



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40. What is the meaning of a flashing green light signal at a controlled aerodrome directed to an aircraft on ground?

- a) Cleared to taxi
- b) Return to starting point
- c) Land at this airport and proceed to the apron
- d) Cleared for take-off

41. An aircraft is following a true course (TC) of 220	$^{\circ}$ at a constant TAS of 220 kt.	The wind vector is 270°/50 kt. The
ground speed (GS) equals		

- a) 170 kt
- b) 185 kt.
- c) 255 kt.
- d) 135 kt.

42. Given the following information, what range can be achieved? Outside air temperature: 22° C Pressure altitude: 2000 ft Power: 55 % See annex (PFP-013) (1,00 P.) Siehe Anlage 12

- a) 550 NM
- b) 480 NM
- c) 450 NM
- d) 500 NM

43. How should departures near villages be carried out?

- a) Slow with a low propeller rotation speed
- b) Low and fast between the villages
- c) Climb and changes in direction should be done as slow as possible
- d) Villages should be circumnavigated and crossed in a sufficient altitude

44. What difference in altitude is shown by an altimeter, if the reference pressure scale setting is changed from 1000 hPa to 1010 hPa?

- a) 80 m less than before
- b) Values depending on QNH
- c) Zero
- d) 80 m more than before



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45. The term "datum" with regard to a mass and balance calculation defines...

- a) The point on the lateral axis of an aeroplane or its extension from which the centers of gravity of all masses are referenced.
- b) The point on the vertical axis of an aeroplane or its extension from which the centers of gravity of all masses are referenced.
- c) The point on the longitudinal axis of an aeroplane or its extension from which the centers of gravity of all masses are referenced.
- d) The distance from the reference plane to the center of gravity of an aircraft.

46. Anemic hypoxia can be caused by...

- a) Carbon monoxide poisoning.
- b) Low pressure
- c) High altitudes.
- d) Alcohol

47. What does a readability of 1 indicate?

- a) The transmission is perfectly readable
- b) The transmission is unreadable
- c) The transmission is readable but with difficulty
- d) The transmission is readable now and then

48. What are the minimum distances to clouds for a VFR flight in airspace "B"?

- a) Horizontally 1.500 m, vertically 1.000 m
- b) Horizontally 1.500 m, vertically 300 m
- c) Horizontally 1.000 m, vertically 1.500 ft
- d) Horizontally 1.000 m, vertically 300 m

49. What is the usual direction of movement of a polar front low?

- a) To the northwest during winter, to the southwest during summer
- b) To the northeast during winter, to the southeast during summer
- c) Parallel to the warm front line to the south
- d) Parallel to the the warm-sector isobars



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50. What pressure pattern can be observed at a lift-generating wing profile at positive angle of attack?

- a) Low pressure is created above, higher pressure below the profile
- b) High pressure is created above, lower pressure below the profile
- c) Pressure above remains unchanged, higher pressure is created below the profile
- d) Pressure below remains unchanged, lower pressure is created above the profile

51. QFE is the ...

- a) Barometric pressure at a reference datum, typically the runway threshold of an airfield.
- b) Barometric pressure adjusted to sea level, using the international standard atmosphere (ISA).
- c) Magnetic bearing to a station
- d) Altitude above the reference pressure level 1013.25 hPa

52. An aircraft is flying at aFL 75 with an outside air temperature (OAT) of -9°C. The QNH altitude is 6500 ft. The true altitude equals...

- a) 6500 ft
- b) 6750 ft
- c) 7000 ft.
- d) 6250 ft.

53. The symbol labeled (2) as shown in the picture is a / an... See figure (MET-005) (1,00 P.) Siehe Anlage 4

- a) Front aloft
- b) Cold front
- c) Warm front.
- d) Occlusion.

54. "Foehn" conditions usually develop with...

- a) Instability, widespread air blown against a mountain ridge.
- b) Stability, widespread air blown against a mountain ridge.
- c) Instability, high pressure area with calm wind.
- d) Stability, high pressure area with calm wind.

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55. How may windshear be recognised in flight?

- a) Sudden and apparently baseless change in altitude, airspeed, rate of climb or descent.
- b) Sudden and apparently baseless change in heading, turning rate, engine speed or oil temperature
- c) Sudden and apparently baseless change of oilpressure, oil temperature, engine speed and altitude
- d) Rather unexpected onset of drizzle associated with high stratus clouds following previously clear skies and calm conditions

56. Number 2 in the drawing corresponds to the... See figure (PFA-010) (1,00 P.) Siehe Anlage 1

- a) Chord line.
- b) Chord
- c) Angle of attack.
- d) Profile thickness.

57. In what cases is visibility transmitted in kilometers?

- a) Up to 10 km
- b) Greater than 5 km
- c) Up to 5 km
- d) Greater than 10 km

58. What is the purpose of the semi-circular rule?

- a) To avoid collisions by reducing the probability of opposing traffic at the same altitude
- b) To fly without a filed flight plan in prescribed zones published in the AIP
- c) To allow safe climbing or descending in a holding pattern
- d) To avoid collisions by suspending turning manoeuvres

59. What cloud sequence can typically be observed during the passage of a warm front?

- a) In coastal areas during daytime wind from the coast and forming of cumulus clouds, dissipation of clouds during evening and night
- b) Wind becoming calm, dissipation of clouds and warming during summer; formation of extended high fog layers during winter
- c) Squall line with showers of rain and thunderstorms (Cb), gusting wind followed by cumulus clouds with isolated showers of rain
- d) Cirrus, thickening altostratus and altocumulus clouds, lowering cloud base with rain, nimbostratus



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60. Which danger exists after a heavy rain shower for a landing aircraft?

- a) Displacement of the tire slip marking
- b) Difficult flare due to glare
- c) Longer braking distance due to aquaplaning
- d) Decreased braking distance due to aquaplaning

61. An ATIS is valid for...

- a) 10 minutes
- b) 45 minutes.
- c) 60 minutes.
- d) 30 minutes

62. What information can be found in the ATIS, but not in a METAR?

- a) Information about current weather, for example types of precipitation
- b) Operational information such as runway in use and transition level
- c) Information about mean wind speeds, maximum speeds in gusts if applicable
- d) Approach information, such as ground visibility and cloud base

63. Given a visibility of 12 km, what is the correct way to transmit this visibility?

- a) One-two kilometers
- b) Twelve kilometers
- c) One-zero kilometers or more
- d) One-zero kilometers.

64. Why is it dangerous to pump the throttle for engine start in cold weather?

- a) It may cause a carburettor fire
- b) Carburettor icing can occur
- c) The engine might start with not enough power
- d) The oil will become diluted



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65. What is the purpose of "interception lines" in visual navigation?

- a) To visualize the range limitation from the departure aerodrome
- b) They help to continue the flight when flight visibility drops below VFR minima
- c) To mark the next available en-route airport during the flight
- d) They are used as easily recognizable guidance upon a possible loss of orientation

66. What process results in the formation of "orographic fog" ("hill fog")?

- a) Prolonged radiation during nights clear of clouds
- b) Warm, moist air is moved across a hill or a mountain range
- c) Cold, moist air mixes with warm, moist air
- d) Evaporation from warm, moist ground area into very cold air

67. May an engine, which previously was on fire, be restarted?

- a) No, the risk of a reignition of the fire would be too high
- b) Yes, if the aircraft is flying at a safe altitude
- c) Yes, but only on the ground for the purpose of taxiing
- d) Yes, but only if the cause of the fire was a carburettor fire during engine start

68. In a co-ordinated turn, how is the relation between the load factor (n) and the stall speed (Vs)?

- a) N is smaller than 1, Vs is greater than in straight and level flight
- b) N is greater than 1, Vs is greater than in straight and level flight.
- c) N is smaller than 1, Vs is smaller than in straight and level flight.
- d) N is greater than 1, Vs is smaller than in straight and level flight

69. What is the correct way of acknowledging the instruction "Call Hamburg Tower on 121.275"?

- a) Call 121.275
- b) Call tower
- c) 125.35.00
- d) Call tower on 121.275



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70. About how many axes does an aircraft move and how are these axes called?

- a) 4; optical axis, imaginary axis, sagged axis, axis of evil
- b) 4; vertical axis, lateral axis, longitudinal axis, axis of speed
- c) 3; x-axis, y-axis, z-axis
- d) 3; vertical axis, lateral axis, longitudinal axis





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Schema Risposte

Confronta le risposte fornite con il seguente schema e segna il tuo punteggio!

01: B	02: A	03: C	04: B
05: B	06: B	07: B	08: B
09: A	10: D	11: C	12: B
13: A	14: C	15: C	16: B
17: C	18: D	19: B	20: B
21: C	22: A	23: A	24: B
25: A	26: D	27: B	28: D
29: C	30: A	31: A	32: B
33: C	34: A	35: C	36: D
37: A	38: B	39: A	40: A
41: B	42: D	43: D	44: D
45: C	46: A	47: B	48: B
49: D	50: A	51: A	52: D
53: C	54: B	55: A	56: B
57: B	58: A	59: D	60: C
61: D	62: B	63: C	64: A
65: D	66: B	67: A	68: B
69: C	70: D		